Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (currently amended): A dye mixture comprising at least one dye of formula

$$(R_2)_{0:3} \qquad OH \qquad N \qquad N \qquad N - A - Y_1$$

$$(Y_2)_q \qquad (SO_3H)_2 \qquad (1)$$

together with at least one dye of formula

$$(R_{a})_{03} = (R_{b})_{03} = (R_{$$

$$(R_4)_{0.2}$$

$$HO_3S$$

$$N = N$$

$$SO_3H$$

$$V_4$$

$$(R_8)_{0.2}$$

$$(R_9)_{0.2}$$

$$(2a)$$

wherein

 R_1 and R_2 are each independently of the other hydrogen or unsubstituted or substituted C_1 - C_4 alkyl,

 $(R_3)_{0.3}$, $(R_4)_{0.3}$ and $(R_5)_{0.3}$ denote, each independently-of the others, denotes from 0 to 3 identical or differing substituents from the group halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, carboxy and sulfo,

A is unsubstituted or substituted phenylene, naphthylene, or C₂-C₈ alkylene which may be interrupted by oxygen,

X1 is halogen or a non-fibre-reactive substituent, and

q is the number 0 or 1,

r and s are each independently of the other the number 0 or 1, and the sum of r + s is the number 1 or 2.

Y₁, Y₂, Y₃ and Y₄ are each independently of the others a fibre-reactive radical of formula

$$-NH-CO-(CH_2)_m-SO_2-Z$$
 (3b),

$$-CONH-(CH2)0-SO2-Z (3c),$$

-NH-CO-C(Hal)=
$$CH_2$$
 (3e) or

$$\begin{array}{c}
-NH \\
\longrightarrow \\
X_2
\end{array}$$

$$T$$
(3f),

wherein

 X_2 is halogen, T independently has the definition of X_2 , is a non-fibre-reactive substituent or is a fibre-reactive radical of formula

-NH-
$$(CH_2)_{2-3}$$
-O- $(CH_2)_{2-3}$ -SO₂-Z (4b),

$$\stackrel{\text{H, Me, Et}}{\stackrel{\text{l}}{\longrightarrow}} (R_{\theta})_{0:2}$$
 $SO_2 Z$ (4c),

$$(SO_3H)_{0,1}$$
 $-NH$
 $CO-NH-(CH, h, c-SO-Z)$
(4d) or

 $(R_6)_{0.2}$ denotes from 0 to 2 identical or differing substituents from the group halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoy and sulfo.

Z is vinyl or a radical -CH₂-CH₂-U and U is a group removable under alkaline conditions, O is a group -CH(Hal)-CH₂-Hal or -C(Hal)=CH₂,

m and n are each independently of the other the number 2, 3 or 4, and Hal is halogen, and

 $(R_4)_{0:2}$ and $(R_3)_{0:2}$ denote, each independently of the other, from 0 to 2 identical or differing substituents selected from the group C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy and sulfo, and one of the fibre-reactive radicals Y_3 and Y_4 is a radical of formula (3a), (3b), (3c), (3d) or (3e) and the other of the fibre-reactive radicals Y_3 and Y_4 is a radical of formula (3b) or (3f).

at least one of the radicals Y3 and Y4 being a radical of formula (3b) or (3f).

- (original): A dye mixture according to claim 1, wherein R₁ is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl and R₂ is hydrogen.
- 3. (previously presented): A dye mixture according to claim 1, wherein X1 is chlorine.
- (previously presented): A dye mixture according to claim 1, wherein -A-Y₁ is a radical
 of formula

$$SO_2$$
Z₁ (5a),

$$(SO_3H)_{0-1}$$
 (Sb) or SO_2 - Z_2

$$(SO_3H)_{0.1}$$

 $NH\text{-CO-}(CH_2)_m\text{-SO}_2\text{-Z}_3$ (5c),

wherein

 $(R_7)_{0.2}$ denotes from 0 to 2 identical or differing substituents from the group halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy and sulfo,

m is the number 2 or 3, and

 Z_1, Z_2 and Z_3 are each independently of the others vinyl, β -chloroethyl or β -sulfatoethyl.

5. (previously presented): A dye mixture according to claim 1, wherein the dye of formula (1) is a dye of formula

$$(HO_3S)_{\overline{12}}$$

$$(HO_3S)_{\overline{12}}$$

$$(HO_3S)_{\overline{12}}$$

$$(HO_3S)_{\overline{12}}$$

$$(Ia)$$

wherein

R1 is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl and

 Z_1 is vinyl, $\beta\text{-chloroethyl}$ or $\beta\text{-sulfatoethyl}.$

6. (cancelled):

PATENT Attorney Docket # 4-22983

- 7. (previously presented): A method of dyeing or printing of hydroxyl-group-containing or nitrogen-containing fibre material, which comprises contacting said material with a tinctorially effective amount of a dye mixture according to claim 1.
- 8. (previously presented): A method according to claim 7, wherein cellulosic fibre material is dyed or printed.
- 9. (original): An aqueous ink comprising a dye mixture according to claim 1.
- 10. (previously presented): A method of printing of hydroxyl-group-containing or nitrogen-containing fibre material, which comprises printing said material with an aqueous ink according to claim 9 in an inkjet printer.
- 11. (previously presented): A method according to claim 7, wherein cotton-containing fibre material is dved or printed.